







Sexually-Oriented Businesses

Free Speech Rights, cannot prohibit entirely Two approaches:

- Concentrate (limit to specific area, "combat zone")
- Disperse (establish minimum separations between SOB and residence, church, school, park, and other SOB)

To be valid, City must demonstrate:

- That SOBs increase crime and adversely affect adjacent properties, and
- That at time of adoption, there are suitable areas for SOBs to locate.

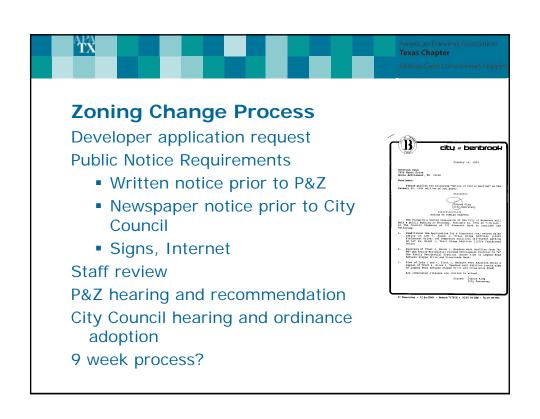
Regulation by Specific Use Permit

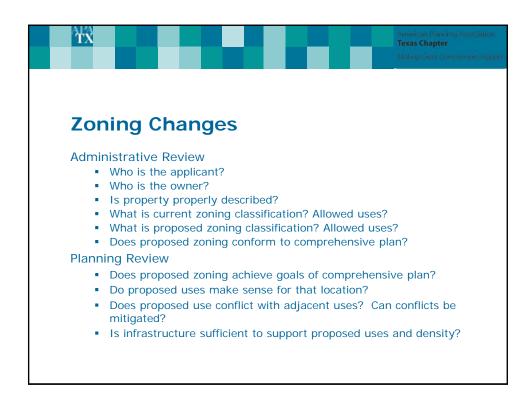
- Must establish reasonable standards for decisions
- Limits on alcohol, separation from dancers, etc.

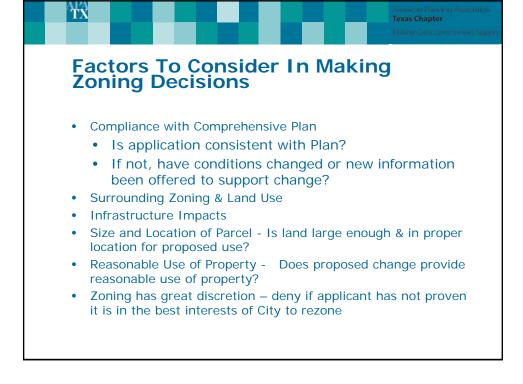














Zoning Changes

- What questions are not appropriate?
 - How are the lots and streets going to be arranged?
 - This is a platting issue
 - How big will the houses be? What will they sell for?
 - City only enforces minimums
- Is anyone entitled to a zoning change?
 - Ripeness issue
 - Who can apply?
- Can area subject to zoning change be increased at public hearing? Decreased?
- Can area subject to zoning change be zoned to more intense use than advertised? Less intense?



variances to zonnig

Zoning is an ordinance, not a guide Variances must be approved by ZBA

- Must demonstrate hardship (i.e. inability to use property)
- Must obtain 4/5 vote to approve

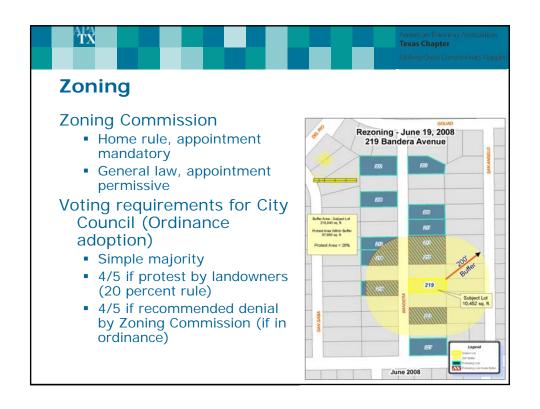
Appeals are to District Court, not City Council Who Decides: Zoning Board of Adjustment

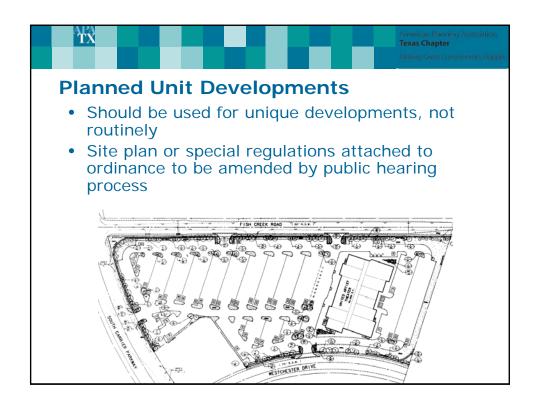
- Appeals
- Special Exceptions
- Interpretation of Ordinance
- Variances
 - Types: Area, Setbacks, Not Use!
 - Hardship
- Voting requirements
 - 4 out of 5 to approve

Appeals of ZBA decisions

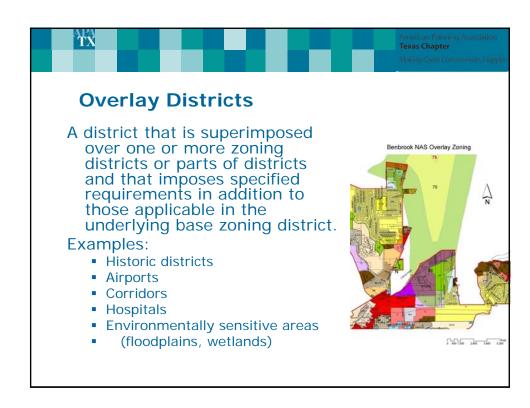












Frequently Asked Questions Who can request rezoning of property? What are notice requirements? What is the 20% Rule? Can area subject to zoning change be increased at public hearing? Decreased? Can area subject to zoning change be zoned to more intense use than advertised? Less intense? Ex-Parte Contacts — Check w/attorney But never commit before hearing & Share any information learned

Common Developer Complaints and Issues regarding Zoning

"City needs to give me what I want..."

 No one is entitled to a zoning change. City must act for good of all

"Process takes too long, time is money"

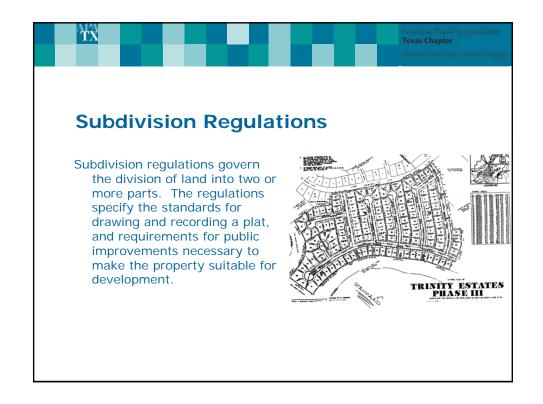
 Most of process is governed by State law notice requirements

"No other city makes us do that"

 Standards may vary from city to city to reflect local values, or are necessary to assure quality development

Developer is not obligated to develop site if zoning does not reflect market

Short term vs. Long term



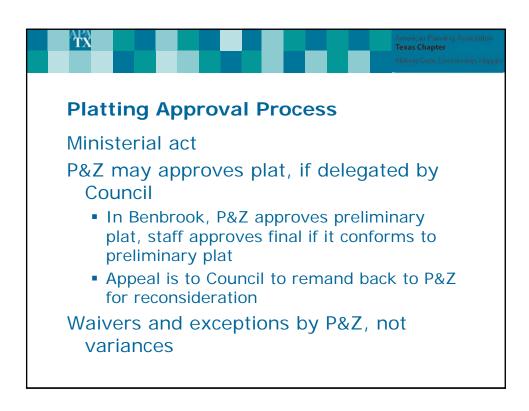


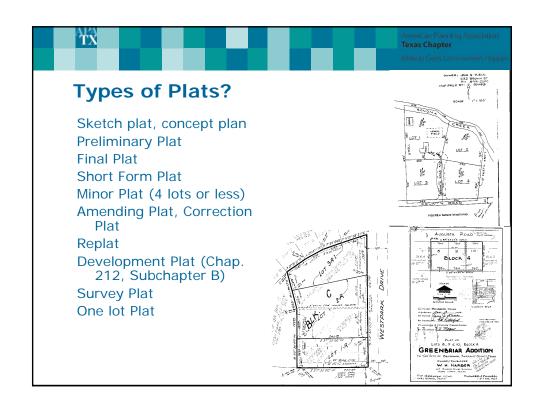
Subdivision Regulations

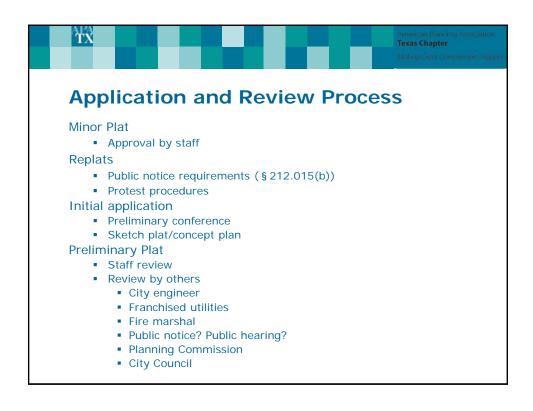
Brief History of subdivision regulation in U.S.

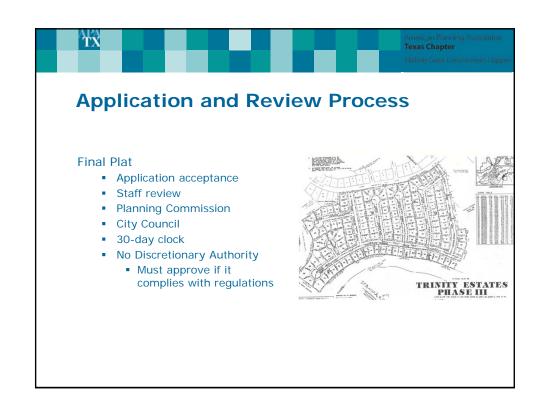
- Law of the Indies, Colonial townsites
- Jefferson and L'Enfant (1791)
- Railroad townsites (19th Century)
- New Jersey (1913)
- Los Angeles, Cincinnati (1920s)
- Standard City Planning Enabling Act (1928)

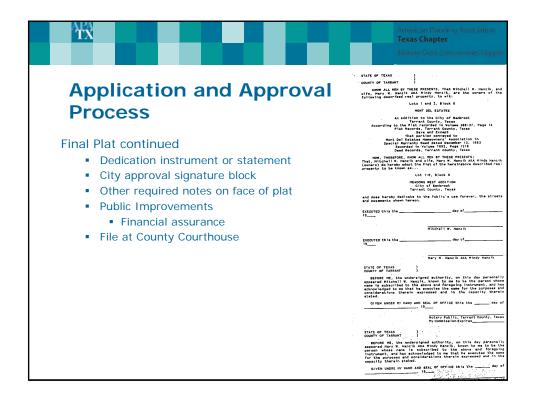






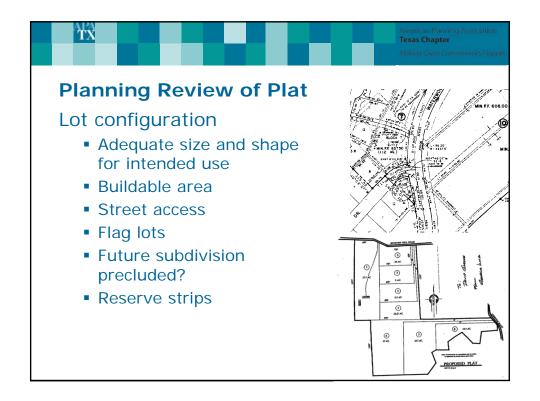


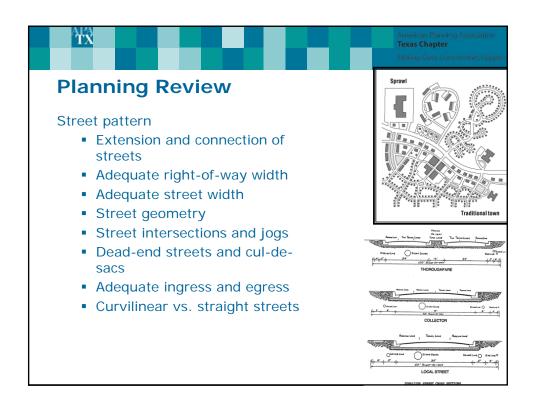


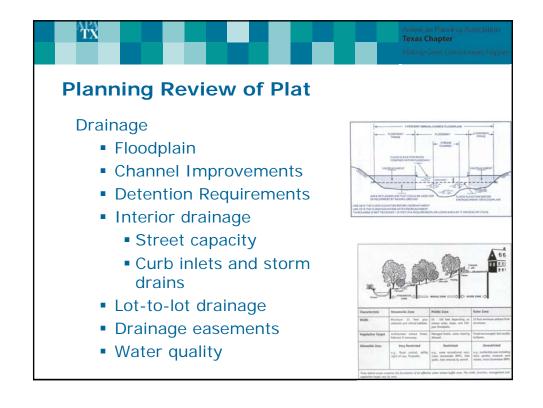




Administrative Review of Plat Review checklists Conformance with: Comprehensive Plan (land use, thoroughfares, drainage, utility extensions) Zoning regulations (minimum lot sizes and dimensions) Subdivision regulations (appropriate info provided, size, scale) Other adopted development policies

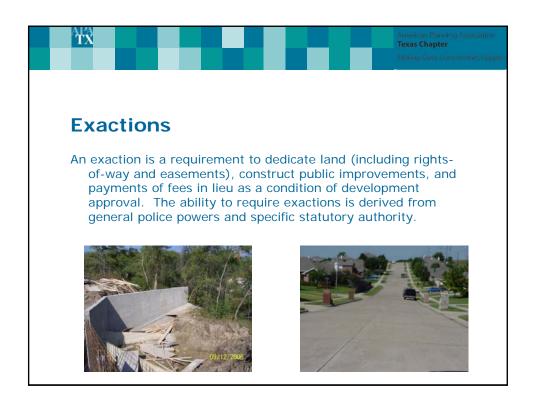


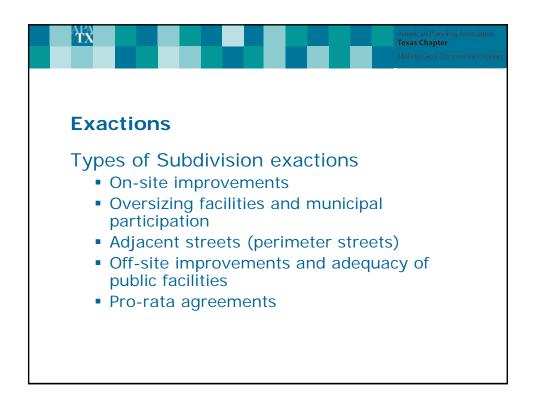


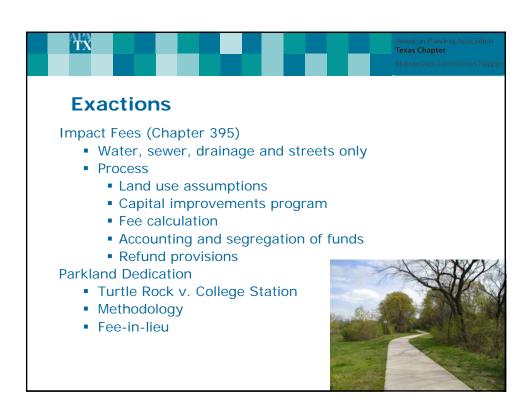


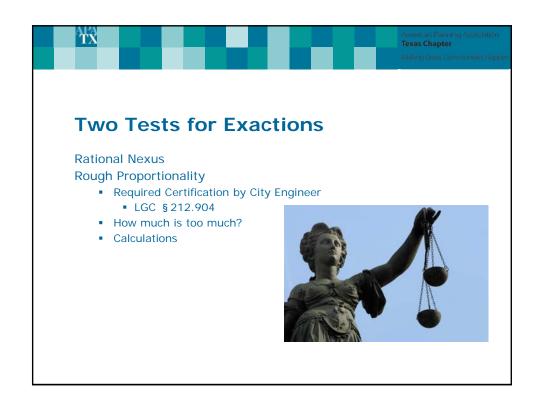




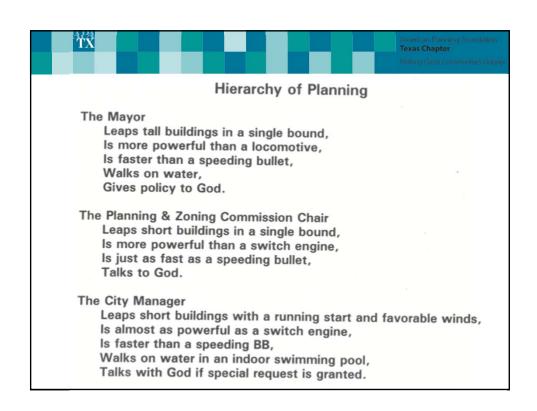












TXThe Assistant City Manager Barely clears a Quonset hut, Loses tug-of-war with locomotive, Can fire a speeding bullet, Swims well, Is occasionally addressed by God. The Planning Director Makes high marks on walls when trying to leap tall buildings, Is run over by locomotives, Can sometimes handle a gun without inflicting self-injury, Treads water, Talks to animals. The Chief Planner Climbs the walls continually, Rides the rails, Plays Russian Roulette, Walks on thin ice, Prays a lot.

